Food and Drug Administration, HHS

(3) Limitations. Feed for 28 days; withdraw 7 days prior to slaughter.

[61 FR 35954, July 9, 1996, as amended at 64 FR 15684, Apr. 1, 1999; 66 FR 46706, Sept. 7, 2001; 68 FR 22294, Apr. 28, 2003; 69 FR 62407, Oct. 26, 2004]

§ 558.145 Chlortetracycline, procaine penicillin, and sulfamethazine.

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: (1) 20 grams of chlortetracycline per pound, 4.4 percent (20 grams) of sulfamethazine, and procaine penicillin equivalent in activity to 10 grams of penicillin per pound to 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (2) 40 grams of chlortetracycline per pound, 8.8 percent of sulfamethazine, and penicillin procaine equivalent in activity to 20 grams of penicillin per pound to 046573 and 048164 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Specifications. (1) The antibiotic substance refers to the antibiotic or feed-grade antibiotic.
- (2) The antibiotic activities are expressed in terms of the appropriate antibiotic standards.
- (3) Type C medicated feed contains in each ton, 100 grams of chlortetracycline, 50 grams of penicillin as procaine penicillin, and 100 grams of sulfamethazine.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.150, 556.510, and 556.670 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. (1) It is administered to swine in a Type C feed for reduction of the incidence of cervical abscesses; treatment of bacterial swine enteritis (salmonellosis or necrotic enteritis caused by Salmonella choleraesuis and vibrionic dysentery); prevention of these diseases during times of stress; maintenance of weight gains in the presence of atrophic rhinitis; growth promotion and increased feed efficiency in swine weighing up to 75 pounds.

(2) Withdraw 15 days prior to slaughter.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 43 FR 19385, May 5, 1978; 47 FR 39814, Sept. 10, 1982; 48 FR 30615, July 5, 1983; 51 FR 7396, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2684, Jan. 26, 1987; 56 FR 14019, Apr. 5, 1991; 61 FR 18082, Apr. 24, 1996; 62 FR 14300, Mar. 26, 1997; 63 FR 27845, May 21, 1998; 66 FR 46706, Sept. 7, 2001; 68 FR 47237, Aug. 8, 2003; 69 FR 62407, Oct. 26, 2004]

§ 558.155 Chlortetracycline, sulfathiazole, penicillin.

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: (1) 20 grams of chlortetracycline hydrochloride, 4.4 percent (20 grams) sulfathiazole, and procaine penicillin equivalent to 10 grams of penicillin per pound to No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (2) 40 grams of chlortetracycline hydrochloride, 8.8 percent (40 grams) sulfathiazole and procaine penicillin equivalent in activity to 20 grams of penicillin per pound to No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Specifications. (1) The antibiotic substance refers to the antibiotic or feed-grade antibiotic.
- (2) The antibiotic activities are expressed in terms of the appropriate antibiotic standards.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §\$556.150, 556.510, and 556.690 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. It is used for swine as follows:
- (1) Amount per ton. Chlortetracycline, 100 grams plus penicillin, 50 grams plus sulfathiazole, 100 grams.
- (2) Indications for use. For reduction of incidence of cervical abscesses. Treatment of bacterial enteritis (salmonellosis or necrotic enteritis caused by Salmonella choleraesuis and vibrionic dysentery). Maintenance of weight gains in the presence of atrophic rhinitis. Swine 10 pounds of body weight to 6 weeks post-weaning: Increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency. Swine 6 to 16 weeks post-weaning: Increased rate of weight gain.
- (3) *Limitations*. For swine raised in confinement (dry-lot) or on limited pasture. Feed as sole ration. Withdraw 7 days prior to slaughter.

§558.175

MINIMUM AMOUNT OF TYPE C FEED WHICH THE ANIMAL SHOULD CONSUME

Type of feed	Approximate body weight in pounds	Minimum de- sired daily feed intake in pounds
Prestarter (up to 6 weeks postweaning) Starter (up to 6 weeks postweaning) Grower (6–16 weeks postweaning) Finisher (6–16 weeks postweaning)	20 50 80 150	1 1½ 2 3

 $[40~\mathrm{FR}\ 13959,\ \mathrm{Mar}\ 27,\ 1975,\ \mathrm{as}\ \mathrm{amended}\ \mathrm{at}\ 51~\mathrm{FR}\ 7397,\ \mathrm{Mar}\ 3,\ 1986;\ 51~\mathrm{FR}\ 28547,\ \mathrm{Aug}\ 8,\ 1986;\ 52~\mathrm{FR}\ 2684,\ \mathrm{Jan}\ 26,\ 1987;\ 61~\mathrm{FR}\ 2415,\ \mathrm{Jan}\ 26,\ 1996;\ 62~\mathrm{FR}\ 35077,\ \mathrm{June}\ 30,\ 1997;\ 62~\mathrm{FR}\ 67725,\ \mathrm{Dec}\ 30,\ 1997;\ 63~\mathrm{FR}\ 11599,\ \mathrm{Mar}\ 10,\ 1998;\ 66~\mathrm{FR}\ 46706,\ \mathrm{Sept}\ 7,\ 2001;\ 67~\mathrm{FR}\ 21171,\ \mathrm{Apr}\ 30,\ 2002]$

§ 558.175 Clopidol.

(a) Specifications. Type A medicated article containing 25 percent clopidol.

- (b) Approvals. See No. 016592 in $\S510.600(c)$ of this chapter.
 - (c) [Reserved]
- (d) $Conditions \ of \ use.$ It is used as follows:

Clopidol in grams per ton	Combination in grams per ton	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(1) 113.5		Broiler chickens and re-placement chickens intended for use as caged layers: As an aid in the prevention of coccidiosis caused by E. tenella, E. necatrix, E. acervulina, E. maxima, E. brunetti, and E. mivati.	Do not feed to chickens over 16 weeks of age.	016592
(2) 113.5	Bacitracin methylene disalicylate 4 to 50.	Broiler chickens: As in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; for increased rate of weight gain.	Feed continuously as the sole ration from the time chicks are placed in floor pens until slaughter. Do not feed to chickens over 16 weeks of age; bacitracin methylene disalicylate as provided by No. 046573 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.	016592
(3) 113.5	Bacitracin 4 to 25 plus roxarsone 45.4.	Broiler chickens: As in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; for growth promotion, feed efficiency; improved pigmentation, and increased rate of weight gain.	Do not feed to chickens over 16 weeks of age; withdraw 5 days before slaughter; as sole source of organic ar- senic; as bacitracin meth- ylene disalicylate or baci- tracin zinc provided by No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	046573, 016592
(4) 113.5	Bacitracin zinc 5 to 25.	Broiler chickens: As in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; for increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.	Feed continuously as sole ration; bacitracin zinc as provided by No. 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.	046573, 016592
(5) 113.5	Chlortetracycline 100 to 200.	Broiler and replacement chickens: As in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; for control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> susceptible to chlortetracycline.	Feed continuously as sole ration from the time chicks are placed in floor pens for 7 to 14 days.	016592
(6) 113.5	Lincomycin 2 to 4	Broiler chickens: As in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; for increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency.	Do not feed to chickens over 16 weeks of age; as linco- mycin hydrochloride monohydrate.	000009
(7) 113.5	Roxarsone 45.4		Do not feed to chickens over 16 weeks of age; withdraw 5 days before slaughter; as sole source of organic ar- senic.	016592